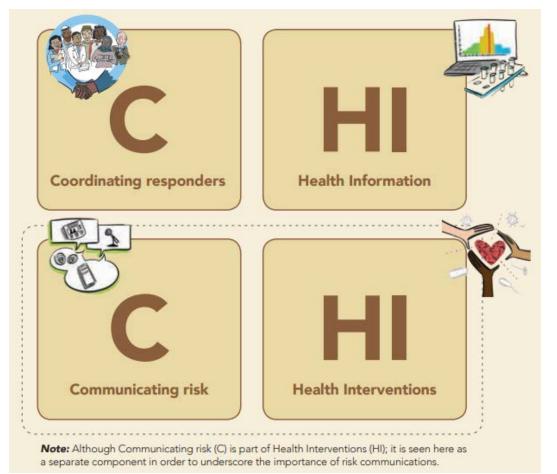
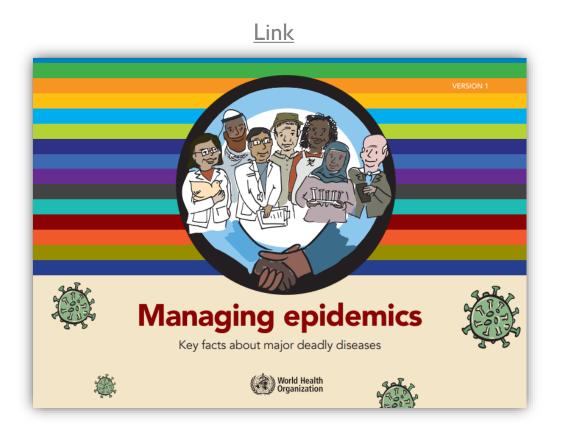
OPPORTUNITY IN CRISES: THE ROLE OF TECHNOLOGY IN FORGING THE PATH AHEAD

Dr Sylvie C. Briand Director, Global Infectious Hazards Preparedness Department World Health Emergencies Programme, WHO, Switzerland



MANAGING EPIDEMICS OF THE 21ST CENTURY

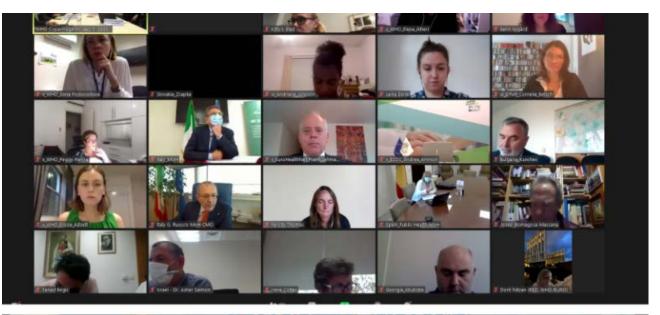






COORDINATION





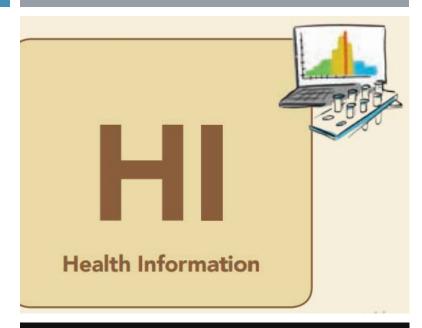


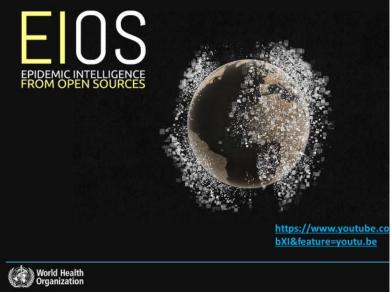


HEALTH INFORMATION

- Health information includes
 - surveillance data (number of cases and deaths, Ro) laboratory confirmation (RDT)
 - Interventions' indicators (e.g. number of occupied beds, numbers of mask distributed...)
 - Response indicators (number of responders, distributions of cars, ...)
 - Specific analytics to support decision making (now casting, forecasting)
- New technologies revolutionize field epidemiology
 - New sources of data: e.g. early warning systems (EIOS)
 - New platforms: e.g. Visualization of spread in real time by geographies, forecast
 - New linkages between data bases: laboratory / epidemiology
 - New types of data : e.g. gene sequencing
- New perspective on data ownership, privacy and confidentiality
- Importance of analysis and insights

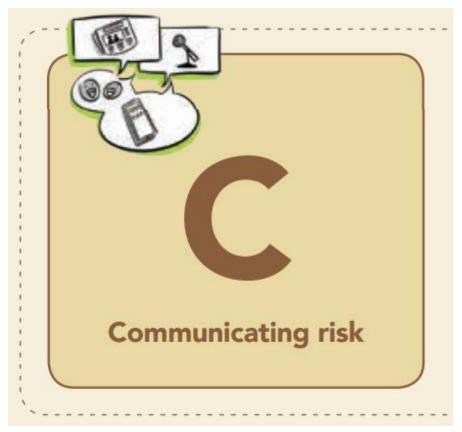


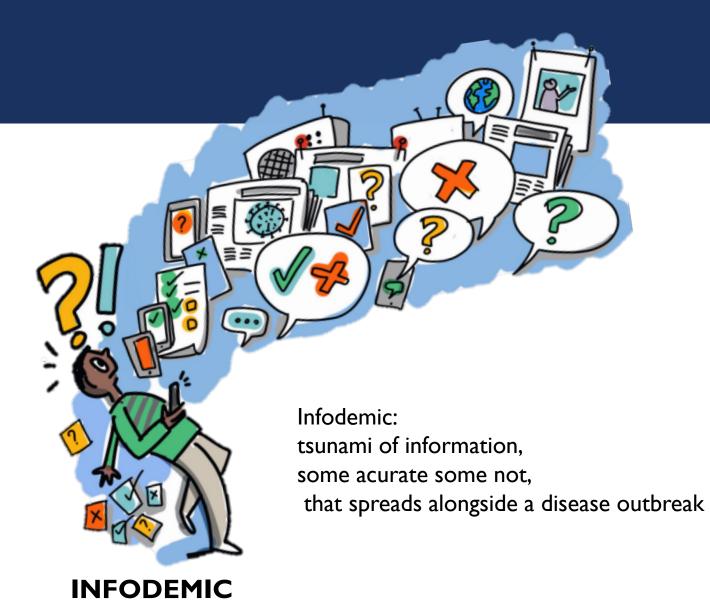






COMMUNICATION

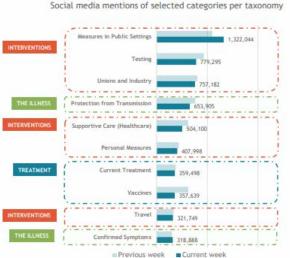






COMMUNICATION – LISTENING, UNDERSTANDING CONCERNS ON LINE AND OFFLINE

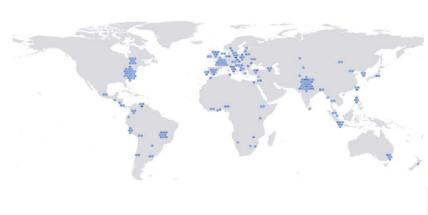








Weekly social media listening and analysis

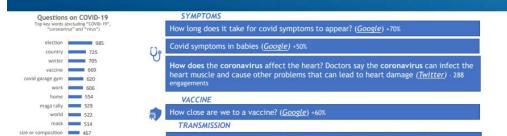




Data source: COVID-19 Fact-checkers Dataset • Note: For some attributes, fact-checkers may appear in multiple groups.

COVID 19 MISINFO. ORG

Top Questions (29 October - 4 November 2020)





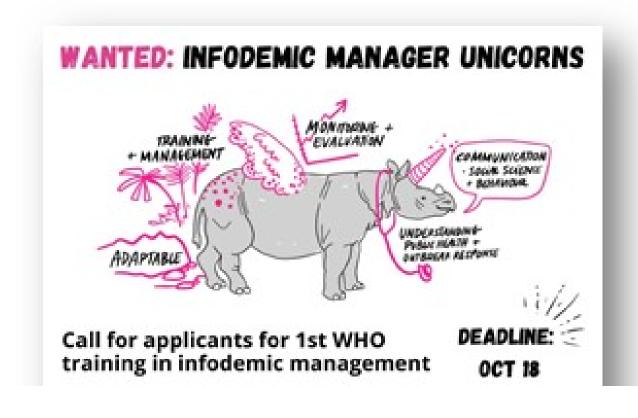


COMMUNICATION - WHAT IS NEEDED

Science

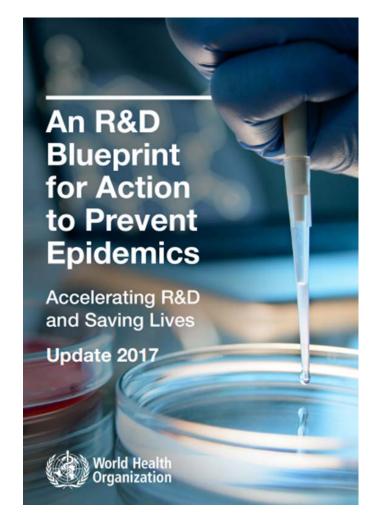


Workforce



HEALTH INTERVENTIONS









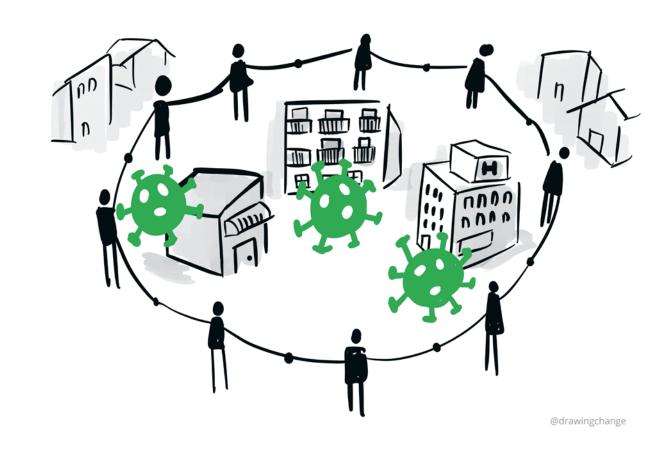


WHAT'S NEXT?

A number of great innovations and more to come

BUT KEEP IN MIND THAT:

It is key to integrate the **human factor** in every technical innovation





Thank you Merci

World Health Organization

